SHRI VENKATESHWARA UNIVERSITY



Syllabus Diploma Mechanical Engineering IV SEM (THREE Years Programme)

(w.e.f. 2019-20)

SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

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Sl	Subject Codes	Subject	Periods			Evaluation Scheme				End Semester		Tota l	Credit
N o.			L	Т	P	СТ	ТА	Tot a	1 P S	TE	PΕ		
1	PME- 401	Measurements & Metrology	2	1	0	20	10	30		70		100	3
2	PME- 402	Thermal Engineering - II	2	1	0	20	10	30		70		100	3
3	PME-403	Strength of Materials	2	1	0	20	10	30		70		100	3
4	PME-404	Advanced Manufacturing Processes	3	0	0	20	10	30		70		10 0	3
5	PME-405	Total Quality Management	3	0	0	20	10	30		70		100	3
6	PME- 411	Measurements & Metrology Lab	0	0	2				10		15	25	1
7	PME- 412	Thermal Engineering Lab-II	0	0	2				10		15	25	1
8	PME- 413	Material Testing Lab	0	0	2				10		15	25	1
9	PME-414	Minor Project	0	0	4				50			50	2
10	PMC-111	Essence of Indian Knowledge and Tradition	2	0	0								0
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Course Code	:	PME-401
Course Title	:	MEASUREMENTS & METROLOGY
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 2, T: 1, P: 0)
Prerequisit es	:	NIL
Course Category	:	PC

- Tostudy advances in technology, measurement techniques, types of instrumentation devices, innovations, refinements.
- To study the principles of instrumentation, transducers & measurement of non-electrical parameters like temperature, pressure, flow, speed, force and stress.

Course Content:

UNIT-I: Introduction to measurements: Definition of measurement; Significance of measurement; Methods of measurements: Direct & Indirect; Generalized measuring system; Standards of measurements: Primary & Secondary; Factors influencing selection of measuring instruments; Terms applicable to measuring instruments: Precision and Accuracy, Sensitivity and Repeatability, Range, Threshold, Hysteresis, calibration; Errors in Measurements: Classification of errors, Systematic and Random error.

Measuring instruments: Introduction; Thread measurements: Thread gauge micrometre; Angle measurements: Bevel protractor, Sine Bar; Gauges: plain plug gauge, ring Gauge, snap gauge, limit gauge; Comparators: Characteristics of comparators, Types of comparators; Surface finish: Definition, Terminology of surface finish, Talysurf surface roughness tester; Co-ordinating measuring machine.

Unit-II: Transducers and Strain gauges: Introduction; Transducers: Characteristics, classification of transducers, two coil self-inductance transducer, Piezoelectric transducer; Strain Measurements: Strain gauge, Classification, mounting of strain gauges, Strain gauge rosettes-two and three elements.

Measurement of force, torque, and pressure: Introduction; Force measurement: Spring Balance, Proving ring, Load cell; Torque measurement: Prony brake, Eddy current, Hydraulic dynamometer; Pressure measurement: Mcloed gauge.

Unit-III: Applied mechanical measurements: Speed measurement: Classification of tachometers, Revolution counters, Eddy current tachometers; Displacement measurement: Linear variable Differential transformers (LVDT); Flow measurement: Rotometers, Turbine meter; Temperature measurement: Resistance thermometers, Optical Pyrometer.

Miscellaneous measurements: Humidity measurement: hair hygrometer; Density measurement: hydrometer; Liquid level measurement: sight glass, Float gauge; Biomedical measurement: Sphygmo monometer.

Unit-IV: Limits, Fits & Tolerances: Concept of Limits, Fits, and Tolerances; Selective Assembly; Interchangeability; Hole And Shaft Basis System; Taylor's Principle; Design of Plug; Ring Gauges; IS 919-1993 (Limits, Fits & Tolerances, Gauges) IS 3477-1973; concept of multi gauging and inspection.

Angular Measurement: Concept; Instruments For Angular Measurements; Working and Use of Universal Bevel Protractor, Sine Bar, Spirit Level; Principle of Working of Clinometers; Angle Gauges (With Numerical on Setting of Angle Gauges).

surement of different elements such as major diameter, minor diameter, effective diameter, pitch; Two wire method; Thread gauge micrometer; Working principle of floating carriage dial micrometer.

Unit-V: Gear Measurement and Testing: Analytical and functional inspection; Rolling test; Mea- surement of tooth thickness (constant chord method); Gear tooth vernier; Errors in gears such as backlash, runout, composite.

Machine tool testing: Parallelism; Straightness; Squareness; Coaxiallity; roundness; run out; align- ment testing of machine tools as per IS standard procedure.

Reference Books:

- 1. Mechanical measurements Beckwith Marangoni and Lienhard, Pearson Education, 6th Ed., 2006.
- 2. Metrology & Measurement Anand K Bewoor, Vinay kulakarni, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2009
- 3. Principles of Industrial instrumentation and control systems Channakesava. R. Alavala, DELMAR cenage learning, 2009.
- 4. Principles of Engineering Metrology Rega Rajendra, Jaico publishers, 2008
- 5. Dimensional Metrology Connie Dotson, DELMAR, Cenage learning, 2007
- 6. Instrumentation measurement and analysis B.C. Nakara, K.K. Chaudary, second edition, Tata cgraw Hill, 2005.
- 7. Engineering Metrology R.K. Jain, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2005.
- 8. A text book of Engineering Metrology I.C. Gupta, Dhanpat Rai and Sons, New Delhi, 2005
- 9. Metrology for Engineers J.F.W. Galyer and C. R. Shotbolt, ELBS
- 10. Engineering Metrology K. J. Hume, Kalyani publishers

Course outcomes

C O 1	Define accuracy, precision, calibration, sensitivity, repeatability and such relevant terms in metrology.
C O 2	Distinguish between various types of errors.
C O 3	Understand the principle of operation of an instrument and select suitable measuring de-vice for a particular application.
C O 4	Appreciate the concept of calibration of an instrument.
C O 5	Analyze and interpret the data obtained from the different measurements processes and present it in the graphical form, statistical form.

Course Code	:	PME-402
Course Title	:	THERMAL ENGINEERING - II
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 2, T: 1, P: 0)
Prerequisit es	:	Thermal Engineering - I (MEPC205)
Course Category	:	PC

- To understand the working and applications of Gas turbines & Jet Propulsion.
- To understand the methods of computing various properties of steam.
- To understand the working of various Steam Boilers, functions of various accessories and mountings of boilers.
- To understand the Working of Steam Nozzles and Steam turbines.
- To understand the necessity of compounding and governing of aturbine.

Course Content:

UNIT-I: Gas Turbines: Air-standard Brayton cycle; Description with p-v and T-S diagrams; Gas tur- bines Classification: open cycle gas turbines and closed cycle gas turbines; comparison of gas turbine with reciprocating I.C. engines and steam turbines. Applications and limitations of gas turbines; Gen- eral lay-out of Open cycle constant pressure gas turbine; P-V and T-S diagrams and working; General lay-out of Closed cycle gas turbine; P-V and T-S diagrams and working.

Jet Propulsion: Principle of jet propulsion; Fuels used for jet propulsion; Applications of jet propul- sion; Working of a turbojet engine; Principle of Ram effect; Working of a Ram jet engine; Principle of Rocket propulsion; Working principle of a rocket engine; Applications of rocket propulsion; Compar ison of jet and rocket propulsions -

Unit-II: Properties of Steam: Formation of steam under constant pressure; Industrial uses of steam; Basic definitions: saturated liquid line, saturated vapour line, liquid region, vapour region, wet region, superheat region, critical point, saturated liquid, saturated vapour, saturation temperature, sensible heat, latent heat, wet steam, dryness fraction, wetness fraction, saturated steam, superheated steam, degree of superheat; Determination of enthalpy, internal energy, internal latent heat, entropy of wet, dry and superheated steam at a given pressure using steam tables and Mollier chart for the following processes: Isochoric process, Isobaric process, Hyperbolic process, Isothermal process, Isentropic process, Throttling process, Polytropic process; Simple direct problems on the above using tables and charts; Steam calorimeters: Separating, throttling, Combined Separating and throttling calorim- eters – problems.

Unit-III: Steam Generators: Function and use of steam boilers; Classification of steam boilers with examples; Brief explanation with line sketches of Cochran, Babcock and Wilcox Boilers; Compari- son of water tube and fire tube boilers; Description with line sketches and working of modern high pressure boilers Lamont and Benson boilers; Boiler mountings: Pressure gauge, water level indi- cator, fusible plug, blow down cock, stop valve, safety valve, (dead weight type,spring loaded type, high pressure and low water safety alarm); Boiler accessories: feed pump, economiser, super heater and air pre-heater; Study of steam traps & separators; Explanation of the terms: Actual evaporation, equivalent evaporation, factor of evaporation, boiler horse power and boiler efficiency; Formula for the above terms without proof; Simple direct problems on the above; Draught systems (Natural, forced & induced).

Unit-IV: Steam Nozzles: Flow of steam through nozzle; Velocity of steam at the exit of nozzle in terms of heat drop using analytical method and Mollier chart; Discharge of steam through nozzles; Critical pressure ratio; Methods of calculation of cross-sectional areas at throat and exit for maxi- mum discharge; Effect of friction in nozzles and Super saturated flow in nozzles; Working steam jet injector; Simple numerical problems.

Unit-V: Steam Turbines: Classification of steam turbines with examples; Difference between impulse & reaction turbines; Principle of working of a simple De-lavel turbine with line diagrams-Ve-locity diagrams; Expression for work done, axial thrust, tangential thrust, blade and diagram efficien-cy, stage efficiency, nozzle efficiency; Methods of reducing rotor speed; compounding for velocity, for pressure or both pressure and velocity; Working principle with line diagram of a Parson's Reaction turbine-velocity diagrams; Simple problems on single stage impulse turbines (without blade fric-tion) and reaction turbine including data on blade height. Bleeding, re-heating and re-heating factors (Problems omitted); Governing of steam turbines: Throttle, By-pass & Nozzle controlgoverning

Reference Books:

- 1 A Course in Thermal Engineering S. Domkundwar & C.P. Kothandaraman, Dhanpat Rai & Publication, New Delhi
- 2 Thermal Engineering R.K. Rajput, Laxmi Publication New Delhi
- 3. Thermal Engineering P.L. Ballaney, Khanna Publishers, 2002
- 4. Treatise on Heat Engineering in MKS and SI Units V.P.Vasandani & D.S. Kumar, Metropolitan Book Co. Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.

Course outcomes:

C O 1	Explain the working cycle of gas turbines, and the working of Jet and Rocket Engines apart from identifying the fuels used for Jet and Rocket propulsion.
C O 2	Compute the work done, enthalpy, internal energy and entropy of steam at given conditions using steam tables and Mollier chart.
C O 2 C O 3	Distinguish between water tube and fire-tube boilers and explain the function all the mountings and accessories.
C O 4	Calculate Velocity of steam at the exit of nozzle in terms of heat drop analytically and by using Mollier chart.
C O 5	State the necessity of governing and compounding of a turbine.
C O 6	Explain the principle of working of a steam turbine and distinguish between the impulse turbines and reaction turbines.

	:	PME-403
Course Code		
Course Title	:	STRENGTH OF MATERIALS
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 2, T: 1, P: 0)
Prerequisi tes	:	Engineering Mechanics (ESC201)
Course Category	:	PC

- To understand the concept of Simple Stresses and Strains.
- To understand the concept of Strain Energy.
- To understand the concept of Shear Force and Bending Moment Diagrams.
- To understand the concept of Theory of Simple Bending and Deflection of Beams.
- To understand the concept of Torsion in Shafts and Springs.
- To understand the concept of Thin Cylindrical Shells.

Course Content:

UNIT-I: Simple Stresses and Strains: Types of forces; Stress, Strain and their nature; Mechanical properties of common engineering materials; Significance of various points on stress – strain dia- gram for M.S. and C.I. specimens; Significance of factor of safety; Relation between elastic constants; Stress and strain values in bodies of uniform section and of composite section under the influence of normal forces; Thermal stresses in bodies of uniform section and composite sections; Related nu- merical problems on the above topics.

Strain Energy: Strain energy or resilience, proof resilience and modulus of resilience; Derivation of strain energy for the following cases: i) Gradually applied load, ii) Suddenly applied load, iii) Impact/ shock load; Related numerical problems.

Unit-II: Shear Force & Bending Moment Diagrams: Types of beams with examples: a) Cantilever beam, b) Simply supported beam, c) Over hanging beam, d) Continuous beam, e) Fixed beam; Types of Loads – Point load, UDL and UVL; Definition and explanation of shear force and bending moment; Calculation of shear force and bending moment and drawing the S.F and B.M. diagrams by the analytical method only for the following cases: a) Cantilever with point loads, b) Cantilever with uniformly distributed load, c) Simply supported beam with point loads, d) Simply supported beam with UDL, e) Over hanging beam with point loads, at the centre and at free ends, f) Over hanging beam with UDL throughout, g) Combination of point and UDL for the above; Related numerical problems.

Unit-III: Theory of Simple Bending and Deflection of Beams: Explanation of terms: Neutral layer, Neutral Axis, Modulus of Section, Moment of Resistance, Bending stress, Radius of curvature; As- sumptions in theory of simple bending; Bending Equation $M/I = \sigma/Y = E/R$ with derivation; Problems involving calculations of bending stress, modulus of section and moment of resistance; Calculation of safe loads and safe span and dimensions of cross- section; Definition and explanation of deflection as applied to beams; Deflection formulae without proof for cantilever and simply supported beams with point load and UDL only (Standard cases only); Related numerical problems.

Unit-IV: Torsion in Shafts and Springs: Definition and function of shaft; Calculation of polar M.I. for solid and hollow shafts; Assumptions in simple torsion; Derivation of the equation $T/J=f_S/R=G\theta/L$; Problems on design of shaft based on strength and rigidity; Numerical Problems related to com- parison of strength and weight of solid and hollow shafts; Classification of springs; Nomenclature of closed coil helical spring; Deflection formula for closed coil helical spring (without derivation); stiffness of spring; Numerical problems on closed coil helical spring to find safe load, deflection, size of coil and number of coils.

Unit-V: Thin Cylindrical Shells: Explanation of longitudinal and hoop stresses in the light of cir- cumferential and longitudinal failure of shell; Derivation of expressions for the longitudinal and hoop stress for seamless and seam shells; Related numerical Problems for safe thickness and safe working pressure.

Reference Books:

- 2. Strength of Materials D.S. Bedi, Khanna Book Publishing Co. (P) Ltd., Delhi, 2017
- 3. Strength of Materials B.C.Punmia, Ashok Kumar Jain & Arun Kumar Jain, Laxmi Publica- tions, New Delhi, 2013
- 4. Strength of Materials S. Ramamrutham, Dhanpat Rai & Publication New Delhi
- 5. Strength of Materials R.S. Khurmi, S.Chand Company Ltd. Delhi
- 6. A Text Book strength of Material–R.K. Bansal, Laxmi Publication New Delhi

Course outcomes:

C O 1	Compute stress and strain values and find the changes in axial, lateral and volumetric di- mensions of bodies of uniform section and of composite section under the influence of normal forces.
C O 2	Calculate thermal stresses, in bodies of uniform section and composite sections.
C O 3	Define resilience, proof – resilience and modulus of resilience and obtain expressions for instantaneous stress developed in bodies subjected to different loads.
C O 4	Compute shear force and bending moment at any section of beam and draw the S.F. & B.M diagrams of for UDL and Point loads.
C O 5	Calculate the safe load, safe span and dimensions of cross section.

	Compare strength and weight of solid and hollow shafts of the same length and material and compute the stress and deflection of the closed coil helical spring.
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Course Code	:	PME-404
Course Title	:	ADVANCED MANUFACTURING PROCESSES
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)

- To Know the functions of Jigs and Fixtures.
- To know the applications of jig-boring machines.
- To identify different fabrication methods of plastic processing viz., sheet forming, blow mould- ing, laminating and reinforcing of plastics.
- To distinguish between non-conventional machining and traditional machining processes.
- To know about the advancements in the area of manufacturing and production processes.
- To impart knowledge & skills necessary for working in modern manufacturing environment.
- To get familiarized with working principles and operations performed on non-traditional ma- chines, machining center, SPM, automated machines and maintenance of machine tools.

Course Content:

UNIT-I: Jigs & Fixtures: Definition of jig; Types of jigs: Leaf jig, Box and Handle jig, Template jig, Plate jig, Indexing jig, Universal jig, Vice jigs - constructional details of the above jigs; General consid- eration in the design of drill jigs; Drill bush; Types of fixtures: Vice fixtures, Milling fixtures, Boring fixtures, Grinding fixtures - constructional details of the above fixtures; Basic principles of location; Locating methods and devices; Basic principles of the clamping; Types of clamps: Strap clamps, Cam clamps, Screw clamps, Toggle clamps, Hydraulic and Pneumatic clamps.

Unit-II: Jig Boring: Introduction; Jig boring on vertical milling machine; Types jig boring machines: Open front machine, Cross rail type machine - constructional details & their working; System of lo- cation of holes.

Plastic Processing: Processing of plastics; Moulding processes: Injection moulding, Compression moulding, Transfer moulding; Extruding; Casting; Calendering; Fabrication methods-Sheet forming, Blow moulding, Laminating plastics (sheets, rods & tubes), Reinforcing; Applications of Plastics.

Unit-III: Modern Machining Processes: Introduction – comparison with traditional machining; Ul- trasonic Machining: principle, Description of equipment, applications; Electric Discharge Machining: Principle, Description of equipment, Dielectric fluid, tools (electrodes), Process parameters, Output characteristics, applications; Wire cut EDM: Principle, Description of equipment, Controlling param- eters; applications; Abrasive Jet Machining: principle, description of equipment, application; Laser Beam Machining: principle, description of equipment, application; Electro Chemical Machining: de- scription of equipment, application.

Unit-IV: CNC Milling Machines: Vertical and horizontal machining center: Constructional features, Axis identification, Electronic control system. Automatic tool changer and tool magazine. CNC pro- gramming: Preparatory functions (G code), miscellaneous functions (M code), Part programming including subroutines and canned cycles. Principles of computer aided part programming.

Machine Tool Automation: Introduction and Need; (A) Single spindle automates, transfer lines. (B) Elements of control system, Limit switches, Proximity switches, Block diagram for feedback and servo control system, Introduction to PLC, Block diagram of PLC.

Unit-V: Special Purpose Machines (SPM): Concept, General elements of SPM, Productivity improvement by SPM, Principles of SPM design.

Maintenance of Machine Tools: Types of maintenance, Repair cycle analysis, Repair complexity, Maintenance manual, Maintenance records, Housekeeping. Introduction to Total Productive Maintenance (TPM).

Reference Books:

- 1 Production Technology HMT, Banglore, Tata Mc-Graw Hill
- 2. CNC machines Pabla B. S. & M. Adithan, New Age international limited.
- 3. Non conventional Machining P. K. Mistra, Narvasa PublishiningHouse
- 4. Manufacturing Processes Begman & Amsted, John Willey and Sons.
- 5. Advanced manufacturing technology David L. Goetsch
- 6. Exploring Advanced Manufacturing Technologies Stephen F. Krar & Arthur Gil, Industrial Press

Course outcomes:

C O 1	Know the Operation and control of different advanced machine tools and equipments.
C O 2	Produce jobs as per specified requirements by selecting the specific machining process.
C O 3	Develop the mind set for modern trends in manufacturing and automation.
C O 4	Identify the different fabrication methods viz., sheet forming, blow moulding, laminating and reinforcing of plastics.
C O 5	Know different non-traditional machining processes, CNC milling machines, special pur- pose machines.
C O 6	Work as maintenance engineer.

Course Code	:	PME-405
Course Title	:	TOTAL QUALITY MANAGEMENT
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)
Prerequisites	:	NIL
Course Category	:	PE

Course Learning Objectives:

• To introduce the main principles of business and social excellence, to generate knowledge and skills of students to use models and quality management methodology for the implementation of total quality management in any sphere of business and public sector.

Course Content:

UNIT-I: Basic concepts: Definitions and history of quality control; Quality function and concept of quality cycle; Quality policy and objectives. Economics of quality and measurement of the cost of quality. Quality considerations in design.

Unit-II: Process control: Machine and process capability analysis; Use of control charts and process engineering techniques for implementing the quality plan.

Unit-III: Acceptance Sampling: Single, double and multiple sampling, lot quality protection, features and types of acceptance sampling tables, acceptance sampling of variables and statistical tolerance analysis

Unit-IV: Quality education: principles of participation and participative approaches to quality commitment.

Unit-V: Emerging concepts of quality management: Taguchi's concept of off-line quality control and Ishikawa's cause and effect diagram.

Reference Books:

- 1 Total Quality Management, M.P. Poonia & S.C. Sharma, Khanna Publishing House, 2018.
- 2. Total Quality Management An Introductory Text by Paul James, Prentice Hall
- 3. Quality Control and Applications by Housen & Ghose
- 4. Industrial Engineering Management by OKhanna

Course outcomes:

C O 1	Develop an understanding on quality management philosophies and frameworks
C O 2	Develop in-depth knowledge on various tools and techniques of quality management
C O 3	Learn the applications of quality tools and techniques in both manufacturing and service industry
C O 4	Develop analytical skills for investigating and analysing quality management issues in the industry and suggest implement able solutions to those.
C O 5	Emerging concepts for quality and Taguchi optimization technique for off-line

Course Code	:	PME-411
Course Title	:	MEASUREMENTS & METROLOGY LAB
Number of Credits	:	1 (L:0, T:0 , P:2)
Prerequisites	:	Measurements & Metrology (MEPC202)
Course Catergory	:	PC

• To understand techniques for precise measurement of the dimensions of various objects and shapes.

Course Content:

S	Topics for practice
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I	Measure the diameter of a wire using micrometre and compare the result with digital micrometre
I I	Measure the angle of the machined surface using sine bar with slip gauges.
I I I	Measure the angle of a V-block / Taper Shank of Drill / Dovetail using universal bevel protractor.
I V	Measure the dimensions of ground MS flat/cylindrical bush using Vernier Caliper com- pare with Digital/Dial Vernier Caliper.
V	Measure the geometrical dimensions of V-Thread using thread Vernier gauge.
V I	Measure the thickness of ground MS plates using slip gauges

Reference Books:

- 1. Engineering Metrology R. K. Jain
- 2. Engineering precision metrology R. C. Gupta
- 3. A Hand book of Industrial Metrology ASME

Course outcomes:

C O 1	Measure various component of linear measurement using Vernier calipers and Micrometre.
C O 2	Measure various component of angle measurement using sine bar and bevel Protractor
C O 3	Measure the geometrical dimensions of V-thread and spur gear

Course Code	:	PME-412
Course Title	:	Thermal Engineering Lab – II
Number of Credits	:	1 (L:0; T:0; P:2)
Prerequisites	:	Thermal Engineering – I (MEPC207)
Course Category	:	PC

- To understand the importance of fuel properties and learn the methods of determination of various properties of fuels.
- To understand the working principles of various methodsused in determination of properties of fuels.
- To observe different parts of I.C. engine and understand their working.
- To identify the physical differences between S.I. and C.I. engines and 2-S and 4-Sengines.

Course Content:

S	Topics for practice
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Ι	Flash & Fire point tests using Able's/Cleveland/Pensky Martin Apparatus
I I	Viscosity measurement usi/Saybolt viscometer
I I I	Calorific value tests using Bomb Calorimeter (Solid and Liquid fuels) and Junkers Ga Calorimeter (Gaseous fuels)
I V	Carbon residue test using Conradson's apparatus.
V	Assembling and disassembling of I.C. Engines
V I	Port timing diagram of Petrol engine
V I I	Port timing diagram of Diesel engine
V I I I	Valve timing diagram of Petrol engine
I X	Valve timing diagram of Diesel engine
X	Study of petrol and diesel engine components and Models

Reference Books:

- 1. Thermal Engineering P.L. Ballaney, Khanna Publishers, 2002
- 2 A Course in Thermal Engineering S. Domkundwar & C.P. Kothandaraman, Dhanpat Rai & Publication New Delhi
- 3. Thermal Engineering R.S. Khurmi and J.K. Gupta, 18th Edition, S. Chand & Co, NewDelhi

Course outcomes:

C O 1	Understand the determination of flash and fire point of a given sample of fuel using given apparatus(Abels, Cleveland & Penesky martin)
C O 2	Understand the determination of Viscosity of a given sample of oil using given appara
C O 3	Understand the determination of Calorific value of a given sample of fuel using given paratus.
C O 4	Understand the determination of amount of carbon residue of a given sample of petrol product.

Course Code	:	PME-413
Course Title	:	MATERIAL TESTING LAB
Number of Credits	:	1.5 (L: 0, T: 0, P: 3)
Prerequisite s	:	Material Science & Engineering (MEPC201) Strength of Materials (MEPC204)
Course Category	:	PC

- To identify the type of material based on its grain structure
- To learn the procedure for identifying the cracks in the material
- Tounderstand various material testing methods to determine mechanical properties such as yield stress, Ultimate stress, percentage elongation, Young's Modulus etc.

Course Content:

S N	Topics for practice
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I	Preparea specimen and examine themicrostructure of the Ferrous and Non- ferrous met- als using the Metallurgical Microscope.
I I	Detect the cracks in the specimen using (i) Visual inspection and ring test (ii) Die penetra- tion test (iii) Magnetic particle test.
I I I	Determination of Rockwell's Hardness Number for various materials like mild steel, high carbon steel, brass, copper and aluminium.
I V	Finding the resistance of materials to impact loads by Izod test and Charpy test.
V	Torsion test on mild steel – relation between torque and angle of twist determination of shear modulus and shear stress.
V I	Finding Young's Modulus of Elasticity, yield points, percentage elongation and percentage reduction in area, stress strain diagram plotting, tests on mild steel.
V I I	Determination of modulus of rigidity, strain energy, shear stress and stiffness by load de- flection method (Open & Closed coil spring)
V I I I	Single or double Shear test on M.S. bar to finding the resistance of material to shear load.

Reference Books:

- 2. Measurement system (Application and Design) Ernest O Doebelin.
- 3. Strength of Materials R.S. Khurmi, S.Chand Company Ltd. Delhi
- 4. A Text Book strength of Material– R.K. Bansal, Laxmi Publication New Delhi

Course outcome

С	the given specimen by viewing the micro structure using metallurgical
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C	the cracks in the specimen using different techniques
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2	
C	ne the various types of stress and plot the stress strain diagram for mild
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3	
С	ne the torsion, bending, impact and shear values of given materials
O 4	
C	ne the modulus of rigidity, strain energy, shear stress and stiffness of coil
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5	